

Year 5 - Niveau Rouge

Module 5 - (Lesson 20 - 25)

These are the vocabulary, pronunciation and grammar points that you will learn in the module 4

Question and answer	
Où vas-tu ?	Where are you going?
Je vais à la...	I'm going to the...
Je vais au...	I'm going to the...
Je vais à l'...	I'm going to the...
à quelle heure...?	at what time...?
à une heure	at one o'clock

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Numbers	
50	cinquante
51	cinquante et un
52	cinquante-deux
53	cinquante-trois
54	cinquante-quatre
55	cinquante-cinq
56	cinquante-six
57	cinquante-sept
58	cinquante-huit
59	cinquante-neuf

Knowledge about the world	
Sydney	Sydney is a city in southeast Australia, located in the state of New South Wales, on the shores of the Tasman Sea. With a population of 4,840,600, Sydney is the most populous city in Australia, ahead of Melbourne and Brisbane.

World clocks	
Paris & Sydney	The time in Sydney is 10 hours ahead of the time in Paris.

Etymology

Days of the week	The Romans named the days after the planets. The Latin dies means 'day'; dies Lunae means 'day of the Moon'. The letters di in the French words are a vestige of the Latin word. The English word 'day' does not derive from the Latin dies – this is a false cognate.
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Grammar Point

Preposition	A preposition tells us when or where something is, e.g. at 3 o'clock she is going to the library.
Preposition à	The preposition à is used before the names of towns and cities, e.g. j'habite à Paris, je vais à Londres.
Preposition à	The preposition à can be used with all forms of the definite article, e.g. je vais à la piscine, je vais à l'hôpital, . If the definite article is le, the preposition combines with it to form a new word – au, e.g., je vais au café.
Pronoun	A pronoun can replace a noun. It can represent a person, place or thing. We usually use a pronoun when we already know which noun it is referring to. The French pronoun je is the equivalent of the English pronoun I.
Verb	A verb expresses an action or a state of being. It describes what is happening. It is sometimes called a "doing word" because it can name an action that someone does.
Adverb of time or place	An adverb of time answers the question "When?" An adverb of place answers the question "Where?" An adverb can tell us when or where the action is taking place, e.g. Je vais à la patinoire à cinq heures. An adverbial phrase often consists of a preposition and a noun, or noun phrase.
The definite article	The definite article is used with the names of countries (l'Angleterre, le Pays de Galles, la France) and with the names of monuments (l'île de la Cité, le Louvre, la Tour Eiffel).
The definite article	The definite article can also be used with the names of buildings and places in a town: l'hôpital, la banque, le parc.
Days of the week	In English, the days of the week are considered proper nouns, and they are always written with a capital letter. In French, the days of the week are not written with a capital letter, unless they are the first word in a sentence.